

# Burp Suite Plugins/Extender

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# Setup Environment Development

<https://www.jetbrains.com/help/pycharm/installation-guide.html>

[https://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/howto/netbeans\\_howto.html](https://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/howto/netbeans_howto.html)

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vt7\\_6HwCFOU](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vt7_6HwCFOU)

<https://kotlinlang.org/>

<https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/packages/installer>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N-wXTRpR03U>

First of all you'll need an IDE. Some popular options are: [IntelliJ IDEA](#), [Netbeans](#), and [Eclipse](#).

## Java Config

Create a new project, and create a package called "burp". Next you'll need to copy in the interface files which you can export from Burp at Extender / APIs / Save interface files. Save the interface files into the folder that was created for the burp package.

Now that you have the general environment set up you'll need to create the actual extension file. Create a new file called BurpExtender.java (or a new class called BurpExtender, if your IDE makes the files for you) and paste in the following code:

```
package burp;
public class BurpExtender implements IBurpExtender
{
    public void registerExtenderCallbacks (IBurpExtenderCallbacks callbacks)
    {
        // your extension code here
    }
}
```

This example does nothing at all, but will compile and can be loaded into Burp after you generate a JAR file from your IDE - it will usually be in a build or dist directory. In Burp, go to the Extender tool, and the Extensions tab, and add a new extension. Select the extension type "Java", and specify the location of your JAR file. This should be loaded into Burp with no errors.

<https://portswigger.net/burp/extender/api/burp/iburpextender.html>

<https://github.com/iSECPartners/hiccup/blob/master/src/burp/IBurpExtender.java>

<https://portswigger.net/burp/documentation/desktop/tools/extender>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wR1ENja0IIO>

## Python Config

Burp relies on Jython to provide its Python support. You will need to [download](#) the "Standalone Jar" version and configure Burp with its location (at Extender / Options / Python environment).

Now create a new file with any name you like, ending in '.py', and add the following content to that file:

```
from burp import IBurpExtender
class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender):
    def registerExtenderCallbacks(self, callbacks):
        # your extension code here
        return
```

---

Then go to the Extensions tab, and add a new extension. Select the extension type "Python", and specify the location of your file.

<https://forum.portswigger.net/thread/burp-extension-python-import-error-c0f9ab13>

<https://wiki.owasp.org/images/9/9f/Extending-Burp-with-Python.pptx>

<https://portswigger.net/burp/documentation/desktop/tools/extender>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4f05INULX1I>

### **IBurpExtender**

All extensions must implement this interface. Implementations must be called BurpExtender, in the package burp, must be declared public, and must provide a default (public, no-argument) constructor.

All extensions must implement this interface.

- BurpExtender must implement this interface with one method
  - void registerExtenderCallbacks(IBurpExtenderCallbacks callbacks)
- Burp invokes registerExtenderCallbacks() method when an extension is loaded

<https://portswigger.net/burp/extender/api/burp/iburpextendercallbacks.html>

### **IBurpExtenderCallbacks**

public interface IBurpExtenderCallbacks

This interface is used by Burp Suite to pass to extensions a set of callback methods that can be used by extensions to perform various actions within Burp. When an extension is loaded, Burp invokes its registerExtenderCallbacks() method and passes an instance of the IBurpExtenderCallbacks interface. The extension may then invoke the methods of this interface as required in order to extend Burp's functionality.

<https://portswigger.net/burp/extender/api/burp/iburpextendercallbacks.html>

### **IExtensionHelpers**

public interface IExtensionHelpers

This interface contains a number of helper methods, which extensions can use to assist with various common tasks that arise for Burp extensions. Extensions can call IBurpExtenderCallbacks.getHelpers to obtain an instance of this interface.

<https://portswigger.net/burp/extender/api/burp/iextensionhelpers.html>

# All Packages Burp Suite

- Interface
- Description

## **IBurpCollaboratorClientContext**

This interface represents an instance of a Burp Collaborator client context, which can be used to generate Burp Collaborator payloads and poll the Collaborator server for any network interactions that result from using those payloads.

## **IBurpCollaboratorInteraction**

This interface represents a network interaction that occurred with the Burp Collaborator server.

## **IContextMenuFactory**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerContextMenuFactory()` to register a factory for custom context menu items.

## **IContextMenuInvocation**

This interface is used when Burp calls into an extension-provided `IContextMenuFactory` with details of a context menu invocation.

## **ICookie**

This interface is used to hold details about an HTTP cookie.

## **IExtensionStateListener**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerExtensionStateListener()` to register an extension state listener.

## **IHttpHeader**

This interface is used to hold details about an HTTP/2 header.

## **IHttpListener**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerHttpListener()` to register an HTTP listener.

## **IHttpRequestResponse**

This interface is used to retrieve and update details about HTTP messages.

## **IHttpRequestResponsePersisted**

This interface is used for an `IHttpRequestResponse` object whose request and response messages have been saved to temporary files using `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.saveBuffersToTempFiles()`.

## **IHttpRequestResponseWithMarkers**

This interface is used for an `IHttpRequestResponse` object that has had markers applied.

## **IHttpService**

This interface is used to provide details about an HTTP service, to which HTTP requests can be sent.

## **IInterceptedProxyMessage**

This interface is used to represent an HTTP message that has been intercepted by Burp Proxy.

## **IIntruderAttack**

This interface is used to hold details about an Intruder attack.

## **IIntruderPayloadGenerator**

This interface is used for custom Intruder payload generators.

## **IIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory()` to register a factory for custom Intruder payloads.

## **IIntruderPayloadProcessor**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerIntruderPayloadProcessor()` to register a custom Intruder payload processor.

## **IMenuItemHandler Deprecated**

Use `IContextMenuFactory` instead.

## **IMessageEditor**

This interface is used to provide extensions with an instance of Burp's HTTP message editor, for the extension to use in its own UI.

## **IMessageEditorController**

This interface is used by an `IMessageEditor` to obtain details about the currently displayed message.

## **IMessageEditorTab**

Extensions that register an `IMessageEditorTabFactory` must return instances of this interface, which Burp will use to create custom tabs within its HTTP message editors.

## **IMessageEditorTabFactory**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerMessageEditorTabFactory()` to register a factory for custom message editor tabs.

## **IParameter**

This interface is used to hold details about an HTTP request parameter.

## **IProxyListener**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call

`IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerProxyListener()` to register a Proxy listener.

## **IRequestInfo**

This interface is used to retrieve key details about an HTTP request.

## **IResponseInfo**

This interface is used to retrieve key details about an HTTP response.

## **IResponseKeywords**

This interface is used to represent the counts of keywords appearing in a number of HTTP responses.

## **IResponseVariations**

This interface is used to represent variations between a number HTTP responses, according to various attributes.

## **IScanIssue**

This interface is used to retrieve details of Scanner issues.

## **IScannerCheck**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerScannerCheck()` to register a custom Scanner check.

## **IScannerInsertionPoint**

This interface is used to define an insertion point for use by active Scanner checks.

## **IScannerInsertionPointProvider**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerScannerInsertionPointProvider()` to register a factory for custom Scanner insertion points.

## **IScannerListener**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerScannerListener()` to register a Scanner listener.

## **IScanQueueItem**

This interface is used to retrieve details of items in the Burp Scanner active scan queue.

## **IScopeChangeListener**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerScopeChangeListener()` to register a scope change listener.

## **ISessionHandlingAction**

Extensions can implement this interface and then call `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.registerSessionHandlingAction()` to register a custom session handling action.

## **ITab**

This interface is used to provide Burp with details of a custom tab that will be added to Burp's UI, using a method such as `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.addSuiteTab()`.

## **ITempFile**

This interface is used to hold details of a temporary file that has been created via a call to `IBurpExtenderCallbacks.saveToTempFile()`.

## **ITextEditor**

This interface is used to provide extensions with an instance of Burp's raw text editor, for the extension to use in its own UI.

# Snoopysecurity Burp Suite Extensions List

<https://github.com/snoopysecurity/awesome-burp-extensions>

- [Scanners](#)
- [Custom Features](#)
- [Beautifiers and Decoders](#)
- [Cloud Security](#)
- [Scripting](#)
- [OAuth and SSO](#)
- [Information Gathering](#)
- [Vulnerability Specific Extensions](#)
  - [Cross-site scripting](#)
  - [Broken Access Control](#)
  - [Cross-Site Request Forgery](#)
  - [Deserialization](#)
  - [Sensitive Data Exposure](#)
  - [SQL/NoSQL Injection](#)
  - [XXE](#)
  - [Insecure File Uploads](#)
  - [Directory Traversal](#)
  - [Session Management](#)
  - [CORS Misconfigurations](#)
  - [Command Injection](#)
- [Web Application Firewall Evasion](#)
- [Logging and Notes](#)
- [Payload Generators and Fuzzers](#)
- [Cryptography](#)
- [Tool Integration](#)
- [Misc](#)
- [Burp Extension Training Resources](#)

# Bug Bounty Plugins

<https://burpbounty.com/> - Burp Bounty Pro is a Burp Suite Pro extension that improves the active and passive scanner by utilizing advanced and customized vulnerability profiles through a very intuitive graphical interface.

Active scanner ++ - Active scanner ++ is commonly Used Burp Extension Which Help Us to Different Security Issue Against Our Targeted Website Such As SSTI, Host header Injection, cache poisoning, DNS rebinding, XML input handling ETC.

Param-miner - Param-miner is Awesome extension Which Help A Tester To Validate issues hidden parameter, unlinked parameters. It's particularly useful for finding web cache poisoning vulnerabilities.

Collaborator Everywhere - Collaborator Everywhere This I recommend To Use if Your Looking For Blind SSRF Types Of Security Issue By adding Unique Headers On request designed to reveal backend systems by causing pingbacks to Burp Collaborator. This We can Defile as Out of band Response From Server . This Extension Also help to find Blind SQLI , Command Injection etc.

Logger ++ - Logger++ is a multithreaded logging extension for Burp Suite which help a tester to filter highlight interesting entries or filter logs to only that match the filter . A built in grep tool allows the logs to be searched to locate entries which match a specified pattern, and extract the values of the capture groups.

Autorize - Autorize Is Extension Based On finding Authorization Issue Against Our Targeted Website This is one of the time-consuming tasks we can make it automate in a web application penetration test phase such as it help us to Find out Authorization Related Issue , IDOR Insecure Direct access control . This Help Us to validate issue based On extension the cookies of a low privileged user and navigate the website with a high privileged user.

Retire.js - Retire.js It help us to extract all JS Files from Our Targeted Website This help us to validate all js library based On vulnerable Version and We can easily Verify Which JS Library They Are using and we can easily validate security issue According to Library Version .

Json Beautifier - This extension help Us to read Json and js file In good manner It is difficult for web application security tester to analyse the JS files which are compressed to increase the loading speed. This extension help us to verify Resources based On JSON or JS

XSS Validator - XSS Validator Is Burp Extension Which help us to validate XSS cross Site Scripting Related Security loopholes Against Our targeted Website using different regex value This extension send Response to server Which based on Phantom.js and/or Slimer.js

Backslash-powered-scanner - This extension Is based On Burp Active Scanner which commonly validate Known and unknown classes of Server Side Injection Security issue.

403Bypasser - After a lot of effort, you come across a potentially vulnerable end-point but receive a 403-status code. Believe me there's nothing more disheartening than receiving a 403 Response Code.

BurpSuiteAutoCompletion - Have trouble searching for payloads? What if an addon could do it for you? Wouldn't it be better if an extension could autocomplete your payloads? BurpSuiteAutoCompletion is one such addon that can help you autocomplete payloads. It

works only in the Repeater and the Intruder tabs. For more information from the authors and how to use it.

Cloud Storage Tester - More and more companies are opting for cloud-based services. The major leaders in this domain are AWS, Google and Microsoft Azure. What if we are a newbie and just started with web application hacking? It might be a little tough to test the services in the cloud when you hardly know what they are and how to test them.

## BApp Store

The BApp Store contains Burp extensions that have been written by users of Burp Suite, to extend Burp's capabilities.

You can install BApps directly within Burp, via the BApp Store feature in the Burp Extender tool. You can also download them from here, for offline installation into Burp.

Community and Professional Plugins

[.NET Beautifier](#)

Masks verbose parameter details in .NET requests.

[5GC API Parser](#)

Allows you to assess 5G core network functions by parsing OpenAPI 3.0, and generate requests for intrusion testing purposes.

### [Add Custom Header](#)

Add or update custom HTTP headers from session handling rules. Useful for JWT.

### [Additional CSRF Checks](#)

Performs additional checks for CSRF vulnerabilities in a semi-automated manner.

### [Adhoc Payload Processors](#)

Generate payload processors on the fly - without having to create individual extensions.

### [AES Killer, decrypt AES traffic on the fly](#)

Decrypt AES traffic on the fly

### [Anti-CSRF Token From Referer](#)

Automatically takes care of anti-CSRF tokens by fetching them from the referer and replacing them in requests.

### [Auth Analyzer](#)

This Burp Extension helps you to find authorization bugs by repeating Proxy requests with self defined headers and tokens.

### [Attack Surface Detector](#)

Use static analysis to identify web app endpoints by parsing routes and identifying parameters.

### [Authentication Token Obtain and Replace](#)

Helps automated scanning accessing/refreshing tokens, replacing tokens in XML and JSON body, replacing tokens in cookies.

### [Auto-Drop Requests](#)

This extension allows you to automatically Drop requests that match a certain regex.

### [AutoRepeater](#)

Automatically repeat requests, with replacement rules and response diffing.

### [AWS Signer](#)

Signs requests with AWS Signature Version 4

### [Blazer](#)

Generates and fuzzes custom AMF messages.

### [Brida, Burp to Frida bridge](#)

A bridge between Burp Suite and Frida to help test Android applications.

## [BugPoC](#)

Send raw HTTP requests to BugPoC.com

## [Burp Bounty - Scan Check Builder](#)

This BurpSuite extension allows you, in a quick and simple way, to improve the active and passive burpsuite scanner by means of personalized rules through a very intuitive graphical interface.

## [Burp2Telegram](#)

Push notifications to Telegram bot on BurpSuite response

## [BurpSmartBuster](#)

Looks for files, directories and file extensions based on current requests received by Burp Suite.

## [Bypass WAF](#)

Adds headers useful for bypassing some WAF devices.

## [Command Injection Attacker](#)

Customizable payload generator to detect and exploit command injection flaws during blind testing.

## [Copy as PowerShell Requests](#)

Copies the selected request(s) as PowerShell invocation(s).

## [CSP Auditor](#)

Displays CSP headers for responses, and passively reports CSP weaknesses.

## [CSRF Token Tracker](#)

Provides a sync function for CSRF token parameters.

## [Customizer](#)

Use different themes with Burp Suite.

## [ExifTool Scanner](#)

Reads metadata from various file types (JPEG, PNG, PDF, DOC, and much more) using ExifTool.

## [GadgetProbe](#)

Augments Intruder to probe endpoints consuming Java serialized objects to identify classes, libraries, and library versions on remote Java classpaths.

## [Google Hack](#)

Lets you run Google Hacking queries and add results to Burp's site map.

[HackBar, Payload Bucket](#)

A burp suite extension to easily insert payloads into requests.

[HTTP Digest Auth](#)

A Burp Suite extension to handle HTTP Digest Authentication, which is no more supported by Burp Suite since version 2020.7.

[HTTP Request Smuggler](#)

Helps you launch HTTP Request Smuggling attacks, supports scanning for Request Smuggling vulnerabilities and also aids exploitation by handling cumbersome offset-tweaking for you

[Hunt Scanner](#)

Passively scan for potentially vulnerable parameters.

[InQL - Introspection GraphQL Scanner](#)

InQL - A Burp Extension for GraphQL Security Testing

[Intruder File Payload Generator](#)

Allows use of file contents and filenames as Intruder payloads.

[Java Deserialization Scanner](#)

Performs active and passive scans to detect Java deserialization vulnerabilities.

[Java Serial Killer](#)

Performs Java deserialization attacks using the ysoserial payload generator tool.

[Java Serialized Payloads](#)

Generates Java serialized payloads to execute OS commands.

[JCrypton Handler](#)

Analyze web applications that use JCrypton

[JSON Web Token Attacker](#)

JOSEPH - JavaScript Object Signing and Encryption Pentesting Helper

[JWT Editor](#)

Edit, sign, verify, encrypt and decrypt JSON Web Tokens (JWTs).

[LightBulb WAF Auditing Framework](#)

An open source python framework for auditing WAFs and Filters.

## [NTLM Challenge Decoder](#)

Decode NTLM SSP headers and extract domain/host information

## [Nuclei Burp Integration](#)

Allows you to run Nuclei Scanner directly from Burp and transforms JSON results into the issues.

## [OAuth2 Token Grabber](#)

Grab OAuth2 access tokens and add them to requests as a custom header.

## [PDF Viewer](#)

Allows viewing of PDF files directly within Burp.

## [PHP Object Injection Slinger](#)

Designed to help you find PHP Object Injection vulnerabilities on popular PHP Frameworks.

## [Potential Vulnerability Indicator](#)

Checks application requests and responses for indicators of vulnerability or targets for attack

## [Proxy Auto Config](#)

Automatically configures Burp upstream proxies to match desktop proxy settings.

## [Replicator](#)

Helps developers replicate findings discovered in pen tests.

## [Same Origin Method Execution](#)

Detects same origin method execution vulnerabilities.

## [San Scanner](#)

Enumerating associated domains & services via the Subject Alt Names section of SSL certificates.

## [SQLi Query Tampering](#)

Extends and adds custom Payload Generators/Processors in Burp Suite's Intruder.

## [SQLiPy Sqlmap Integration](#)

Initiates SQLMap scans directly from within Burp.

## [SSL Scanner](#)

Scan for SSL vulnerabilities using techniques from testssl.sh and a2sv.

## [Token Incrementor](#)

**Increment a token in each request. Useful for parameters like username that must be unique.**

### Turbo Intruder

**Send large numbers of HTTP requests and analyze the results**

### Wayback Machine

**Generate a sitemap using Wayback Machine.**

### WordPress Scanner

**Find known vulnerabilities in WordPress plugins and themes using WPScan database.**

### Yara

**Integrates Yara scanner into Burp Suite.**

### YesWeBurp

**YesWeBurp is an extension for BurpSuite allowing you to access all your https**

## Burp Suite Plugin Development

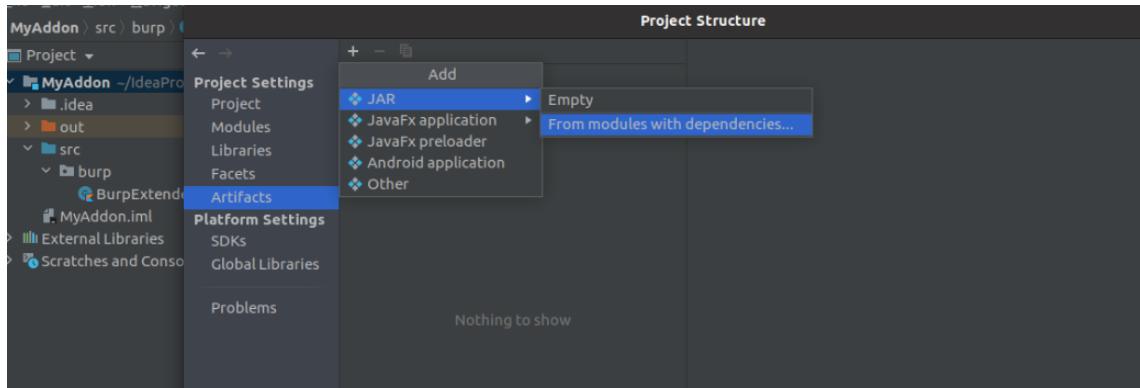
Hello World Kotlin and Java

```
package burp
import java.io.PrintWriter

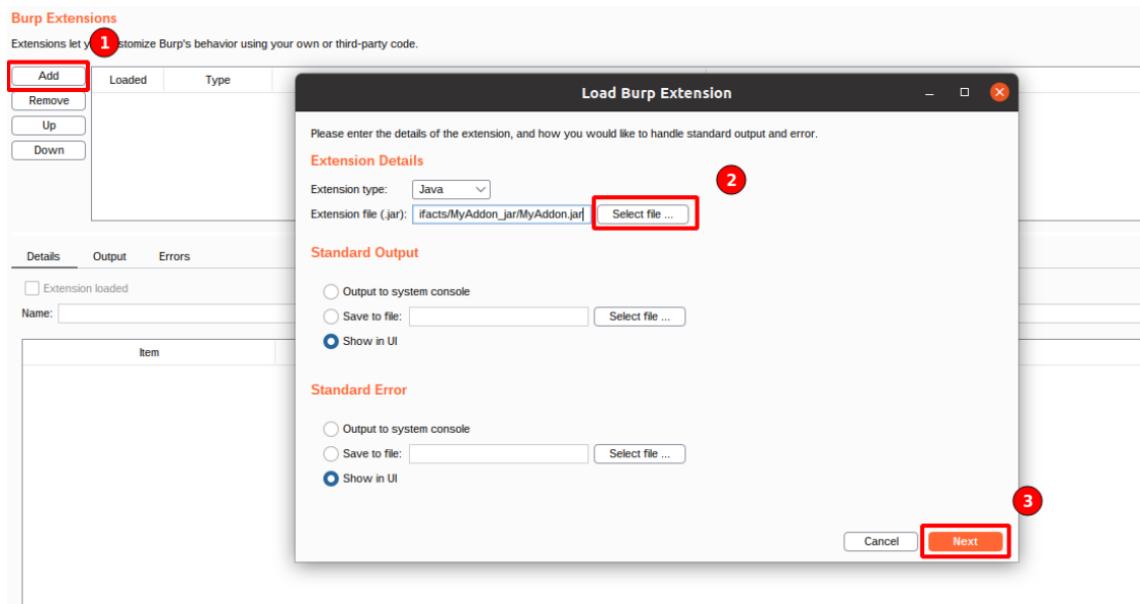
@Suppress("unused") // Remove warning, the class will be used by burp
class BurpExtender : IBurpExtender {
    override fun registerExtenderCallbacks(callbacks: IBurpExtenderCallbacks) {
        // Let's wrap stdout and stderr in PrintWriter with auto flush
        val stdout = PrintWriter(callbacks.stdout, true)
        val stderr = PrintWriter(callbacks.stderr, true)

        // Set our extension name, this will be display in burp extensions tab
        callbacks.setExtensionName("My Addon")
        stdout.println("Hello world!")
        stderr.println("Hello error!")
    }
}
```

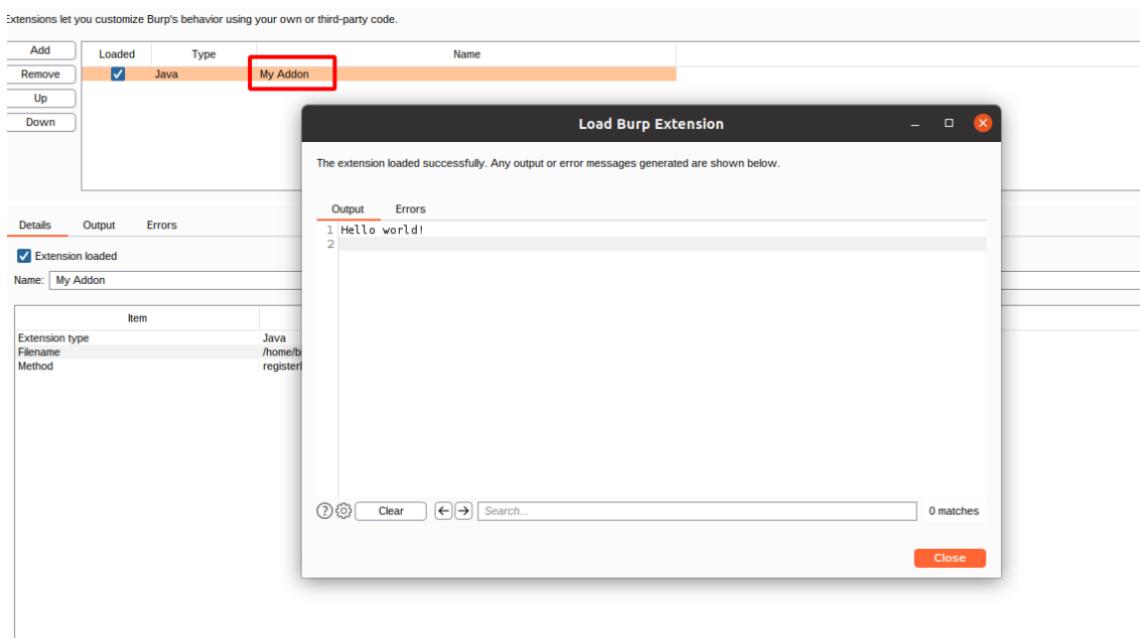
Create class with Kotlin and paste code



## Building Project em Jar File



## Add extension in Burp Suite



## Loading Burp Suite Extension

<https://blog.yeswehack.com/yeswerhackers/tutorial/how-to-learn-write-burp-suite-extension-kotlin-setting-up/>

```
package burp;

import java.io.PrintWriter;

public class BurpExtender implements IBurpExtender
{
    //
    // implement IBurpExtender
    //

    @Override
    public void registerExtenderCallbacks(IBurpExtenderCallbacks callbacks)
    {
        // set our extension name
        callbacks.setExtensionName("Hello world extension");

        // obtain our output and error streams
        PrintWriter stdout = new PrintWriter(callbacks.getStdout(), true);
        PrintWriter stderr = new PrintWriter(callbacks.getStderr(), true);

        // write a message to our output stream
        stdout.println("Hello output");

        // write a message to our error stream
        stderr.println("Hello errors");

        // write a message to the Burp alerts tab
        callbacks.issueAlert("Hello alerts");

        // throw an exception that will appear in our error stream
        throw new RuntimeException("Hello exceptions");
    }
}
```

## Modify and Re-Jar Extension

1. Locate the jar file: *Extender > Extensions > Select extension > Details.* bapps\ directory is located at C:\Users\yourusername\AppData\Roaming\BurpSuite\bapps
2. Backup the original jar file to a different folder, outside of bapps.
3. Change extension from .jar to .zip, extract contents, delete .zip file
4. Make your modifications
5. Re-jar: jar cvf yourJarName.jar -C extractedContentsDirectory/ .
6. Reload extension in Burp: *Extender > Extensions*, uncheck Load and check it again

## Compile Extension from Source

1. Clone or download extension source code
2. Make your modifications, and create build location
3. Compile source code: javac -cp "C:\Program Files\BurpSuitePro\burpsuite\_pro.jar" -d buildLocation sourceCodeLocation\\*.java
4. Create Jar: jar cvf yourJarName.jar buildLocation/\*.class  
anyOtherDependencies1 anyOtherDependencies2
5. Load Jar into Burp: *Extender > Extensions*, Add, Extension type Java and locate built jar, Next, Close
6. Disable original version of extension from BApp store

## Hello World Python

```
class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender):  
    # Implement IBurpExtender class  
  
    def registerExtenderCallbacks(self,callbacks):  
  
        callbacks.setExtensionName("Hello World")  
        # Defining our extension name  
  
        print("Hello World")  
        # Displaying Hello World Message  
  
        return
```

## Necessary Jython in Burp Suite

<https://burpsuite.guide/runtimes/python/>

The IBurpExtender class is necessary to build burp extensions. The burp will in turn look for the IBurpExtender class and then call the registerExtenderCallbacks() on this object passing in a “callback” object. The callbacks.setExtensionName is set as our extension name and the print function will print the hello world message to the screen.

Now save the file and open it in Burp.

Add new extension: Extender > Extensions > Add > Extension Details > Extension Type: Python > Select extension file.

## Json Beautifier

```
from burp import IBurpExtender
from burp import IMessageEditorTab
from burp import IMessageEditorTabFactory
import json

# defining json content types
json_content_types = [
    "application/json",
    "text/json",
    "text/x-json",
]

# Implement IBurpExtender class
class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender, IMessageEditorTabFactory):

    def registerExtenderCallbacks(self, callbacks):
        # reference to our callbacks object.
        self._callbacks = callbacks
        # obtain an extension helpers object.
        self._helpers = callbacks.getHelpers()
        # set our extension name.
        callbacks.setExtensionName("JSON Beautifier")
        # register ourselves as a message editor tab factory.
        callbacks.registerMessageEditorTabFactory(self)

    return

    # This allow us to create new tab within the Burp's http tabs and it
    # -returns the instance of a class that implements the IMessageEditorTab class.
    def createNewInstance(self, controller, editable):
        return Display_data(self, controller, editable)

class Display_data(IMessageEditorTab):
    # This class define the new message tab.

    def __init__(self, extender, controller, editable):
        self._txtInput = extender._callbacks.createTextEditor()
        # create an instance of Burp's text editor, to display our JSON beautified data.
        self._extender = extender
```

```

def getUiComponent(self):
    '''Invoke this method before it displays a new HTTP
    message, so that the custom tab can indicate whether it should be enabled for that message.'''
    return self._textInput.getComponent()

def getTabCaption(self):
    # This method return the tab name.
    return "JSON Beautifier"

def isEnabled(self, content, isRequest):
    '''This method to display a new message or to clear the existing message'''

    if isRequest == True:
        request = self._extender._helpers.analyzeRequest(content)
        self._headers = request.getHeaders()

        for headers in self._headers:

            if headers.lower().startswith("content-type:"):

                content_type = headers.split(":")[1].lower()

                for ContentTypes in json.ContentTypes:

                    if content_type.find(ContentTypes) > 0:

                        requestBody = content[request.getBodyOffset():].tostring();

                        try:
                            self._Beautifier = json.dumps(json.loads(requestBody), sort_keys=True, indent=4)
                        except:
                            try:
                                self._Beautifier = json.dumps(json.loads(requestBody), sort_keys=True, indent=4)
                            except:
                                print
                                "Unable to format JSON data"

    return isRequest

def setMessage(self, content, isRequest):
    # This method returns the currently displayed message.

    if (content is None):
        self._textInput.setText(None)
        self._textInput.setEditable(False)
    else:

        self._textInput.setText(self._Beautifier)
    return

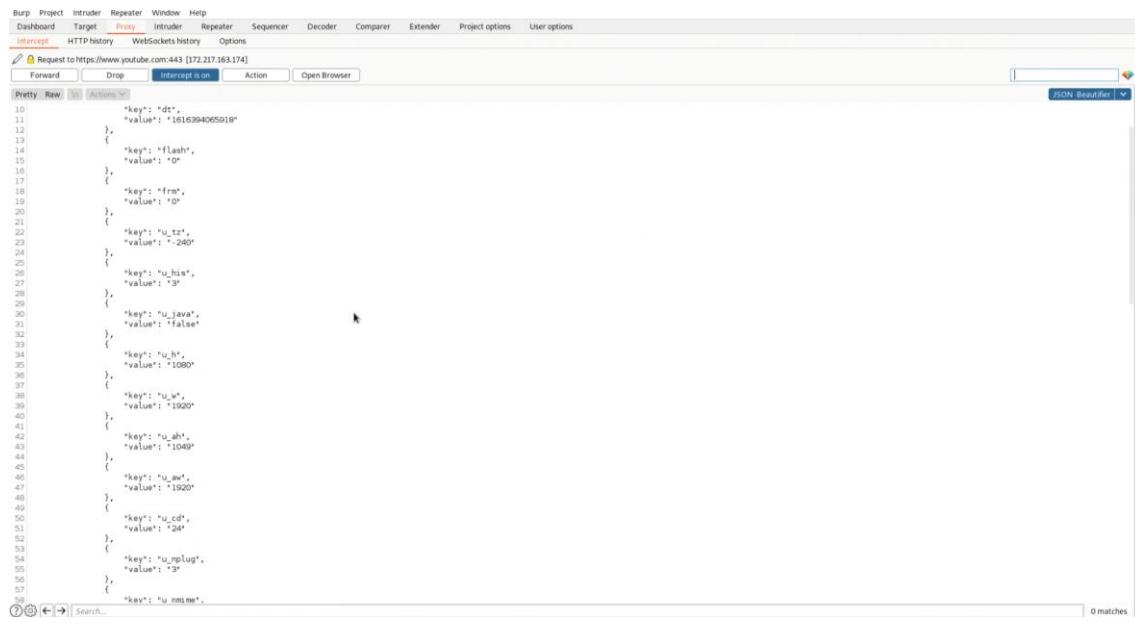
```

The content and isrequest parameters are accepted by the isEnabled method; if the isrequest parameter is true, then Burp extender will extract the request using self.\_extender.\_helpers.analyzeRequest(content). Accordingly using the request.getHeaders(), we are able to assign the HTTP request headers to the self.\_headers. With the help of for loop, we can extract the content-type header value and it will match up with the JSON content type list that we defined already. If the HTTP request content type header match with the JSON content type, then the program will fetch the request body by using the [request.getBodyOffset():].tostring(). Afterwards we beautify the request data by using json.dumps() method and json.loads() method.

`json.dumps()` : we can convert it into a JSON string

`json.loads()` : we can parse the json data.

We can use the `indent` keyword argument to specify the indentation size. In the `setMessage` method, the content will be received and displayed in a new tab. Upon finishing please run the program to see the fruits of your labor.



The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with the "Proxy" tab selected. A request from "https://www.youtube.com:443 [172.21.163.174]" is being intercepted. The "Actions" dropdown is open, showing options like "Forward", "Drop", and "Intercept is on". The "Raw" tab is selected, displaying a large JSON object representing session parameters. The JSON is formatted with line numbers on the left and includes fields such as "dt", "flash", "frz", "tz", "his", "java", "h", "w", "u\_w", "u\_h", "u\_dt", "u\_dx", "u\_cd", "u\_npPlug", and "u\_nmine". The "JSON Beautifier" button is visible at the top right of the JSON pane.

```
1  "key": "dt",
2  "value": "1616394065918"
3  },
4  {
5  "key": "flash",
6  "value": "0"
7  },
8  {
9  "key": "frz",
10 "value": "0"
11 },
12 {
13 "key": "tz",
14 "value": "-240"
15 },
16 {
17 "key": "his",
18 "value": "3"
19 },
20 {
21 "key": "java",
22 "value": "false"
23 },
24 {
25 "key": "h",
26 "value": "1080"
27 },
28 {
29 "key": "w",
30 "value": "1920"
31 },
32 {
33 "key": "u_w",
34 "value": "1040"
35 },
36 {
37 "key": "u_h",
38 "value": "1040"
39 },
40 {
41 "key": "u_dt",
42 "value": "1040"
43 },
44 {
45 "key": "u_dx",
46 "value": "1920"
47 },
48 {
49 "key": "u_cd",
50 "value": "2d"
51 },
52 {
53 "key": "u_npPlug",
54 "value": "0"
55 },
56 {
57 "key": "u_nmine",
58 }
```

<https://payatu.com/blog/hariprasad/Write-Your-Burp-Suite-Extensions>

## Sample extensions to get you started

### Traffic Redirector in Java

This extension redirects all outbound requests from one host to another.

```

package burp;

public class BurpExtender implements IBurpExtender, IHttpListener
{
    private static final String HOST_FROM = "host1.example.org";
    private static final String HOST_TO = "host2.example.org";

    private IExtensionHelpers helpers;

    //
    // implement IBurpExtender
    //

    @Override
    public void registerExtenderCallbacks(IBurpExtenderCallbacks callbacks)
    {
        // obtain an extension helpers object
        helpers = callbacks.getHelpers();

        // set our extension name
        callbacks.setExtensionName("Traffic redirector");

        // register ourselves as an HTTP listener
        callbacks.registerHttpListener(this);
    }

    //
    // implement IHttpListener
    //

    @Override
    public void processHttpMessage(int toolFlag, boolean messageIsRequest, IHttpRequestResponse messageInfo)
    {
        // only process requests
        if (messageIsRequest)
        {
            // get the HTTP service for the request
            IHttpService httpService = messageInfo.getHttpService();

            // if the host is HOST_FROM, change it to HOST_TO
            if (HOST_FROM.equalsIgnoreCase(httpService.getHost()))
                messageInfo.setHttpService(helpers.buildHttpService(
                    HOST_TO, httpService.getPort(), httpService.getProtocol()));
        }
    }
}

```

## Traffic Redirector in Python

This extension redirects all outbound requests from one host to another.

```

from burp import IBurpExtender
from burp import IHttpListener
HOST_FROM = "host1.example.org"
HOST_TO = "host2.example.org"
class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender, IHttpListener):
    #
    # implement IBurpExtender
    #
    def registerExtenderCallbacks(self, callbacks):
        # obtain an extension helpers object
        self._helpers = callbacks.getHelpers()

        # set our extension name
        callbacks.setExtensionName("Traffic redirector")

        # register ourselves as an HTTP listener
        callbacks.registerHttpListener(self)
    #
    # implement IHttpListener
    #
    def processHttpMessage(self, toolFlag, messageIsRequest, messageInfo):
        # only process requests
        if not messageIsRequest:
            return
        # get the HTTP service for the request
        httpService = messageInfo.getHttpService()

        # if the host is HOST_FROM, change it to HOST_TO
        if (HOST_FROM == httpService.getHost()):
            messageInfo.setHttpService(self._helpers.buildHttpService(HOST_TO,
                httpService.getPort(), httpService.getProtocol()))

```

## Intruder Payloads Java

This extension provides custom Intruder payloads and payload processing.

```

package burp;

public class BurpExtender implements IBurpExtender,
IIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory, IIntruderPayloadProcessor

{
    private IExtensionHelpers helpers;

    // hard-coded payloads
    // [in reality, you would use an extension for something cleverer than this]
    private static final byte[][] PAYLOADS =
    {
        "|".getBytes(),
        "<script>alert(1)</script>".getBytes(),
    };

```

```
//  
// implement IBurpExtender  
  
//  
  
@Override  
public void registerExtenderCallbacks(final IBurpExtenderCallbacks callbacks)  
{  
    // obtain an extension helpers object  
    helpers = callbacks.getHelpers();  
  
    // set our extension name  
    callbacks.setExtensionName("Custom intruder payloads");  
  
    // register ourselves as an Intruder payload generator  
    callbacks.registerIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory(this);  
  
    // register ourselves as an Intruder payload processor  
    callbacks.registerIntruderPayloadProcessor(this);  
}  
  
//  
// implement IIIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory  
  
//  
  
@Override  
public String getGeneratorName()  
{  
    return "My custom payloads";  
}
```

```
@Override
public IIntruderPayloadGenerator createNewInstance(IIntruderAttack attack)
{
    // return a new IIntruderPayloadGenerator to generate payloads for this attack
    return new IntruderPayloadGenerator();
}

// implement IIntruderPayloadProcessor
//


@Override
public String getProcessorName()
{
    return "Serialized input wrapper";
}

@Override
public byte[] processPayload(byte[] currentPayload, byte[] originalPayload, byte[] baseValue)
{
    // decode the base value
    String dataParameter =
        helpers.bytesToString(helpers.base64Decode(helpers.urlDecode(baseValue)));
    // parse the location of the input string in the decoded data
    int start = dataParameter.indexOf("input=") + 6;
    if (start == -1)
        return currentPayload;
```

```
String prefix = dataParameter.substring(0, start);
int end = dataParameter.indexOf("&", start);
if (end == -1)
    end = dataParameter.length();

String suffix = dataParameter.substring(end, dataParameter.length());

// rebuild the serialized data with the new payload
dataParameter = prefix + helpers.bytesToString(currentPayload) + suffix;
return
helpers.stringToBytes(helpers.urlEncode(helpers.base64Encode(dataParameter)));
}

//  

// class to generate payloads from a simple list  

//  

class IntruderPayloadGenerator implements IIIntruderPayloadGenerator
{
    int payloadIndex;

    @Override
    public boolean hasMorePayloads()
    {
        return payloadIndex < PAYLOADS.length;
    }

    @Override
    public byte[] getNextPayload(byte[] baseValue)
    {
        byte[] payload = PAYLOADS[payloadIndex];
```

```

        payloadIndex++;

    return payload;

}

@Override
public void reset()
{
    payloadIndex = 0;
}
}
}

```

## Intruder Payloads in Python

```

from burp import IBurpExtender
from burp import IIIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory
from burp import IIIntruderPayloadProcessor
from burp import IIIntruderPayloadGenerator

# hard-coded payloads
# [in reality, you would use an extension for something cleverer than this]

PAYLOADS = [
    bytearray("|"),
    bytearray("<script>alert(1)</script>")
]

class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender, IIIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory, IIIntruderPayloadProcessor):

    #
    # implement IBurpExtender
    #

    def registerExtenderCallbacks(self, callbacks):
        # obtain an extension helpers object
        self._helpers = callbacks.getHelpers()

        # set our extension name
        callbacks.setExtensionName("Custom intruder payloads")

        # register ourselves as an Intruder payload generator
        callbacks.registerIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory(self)

        # register ourselves as an Intruder payload processor
        callbacks.registerIntruderPayloadProcessor(self)

```

```
#  
# implement IIntruderPayloadGeneratorFactory  
#  
  
def getGeneratorName(self):  
    return "My custom payloads"  
  
def createNewInstance(self, attack):  
    # return a new IIntruderPayloadGenerator to generate payloads for this attack  
    return IntruderPayloadGenerator()  
  
#  
# implement IIntruderPayloadProcessor  
#  
  
def getProcessorName(self):  
    return "Serialized input wrapper"  
  
def processPayload(self, currentPayload, originalPayload, baseValue):  
    # decode the base value  
    dataParameter = self._helpers.bytesToString(  
        self._helpers.base64Decode(self._helpers.urlDecode(baseValue)))  
  
    # parse the location of the input string in the decoded data  
    start = dataParameter.index("input=") + 6  
    if start == -1:  
        return currentPayload
```

```

prefix = dataParameter[0:start]
end = dataParameter.index("&", start)
if end == -1:
    end = len(dataParameter)

suffix = dataParameter[end:len(dataParameter)]

# rebuild the serialized data with the new payload
dataParameter = prefix + self._helpers.bytesToString(currentPayload) + suffix
return self._helpers.stringToBytes(
    self._helpers.urlEncode(self._helpers.base64Encode(dataParameter)))

#
# class to generate payloads from a simple list
#

class IntruderPayloadGenerator(IIntruderPayloadGenerator):
    def __init__(self):
        self._payloadIndex = 0

    def hasMorePayloads(self):
        return self._payloadIndex < len(PAYLOADS)

    def getNextPayload(self, baseValue):
        payload = PAYLOADS[self._payloadIndex]
        self._payloadIndex = self._payloadIndex + 1

        return payload

    def reset(self):
        self._payloadIndex = 0

```

<https://portswigger.net/burp/extender#SampleExtensions>

## Plugin Development Tutorials

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IdM4Sc7WVGU>

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OkQiP\\_Tcs68](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OkQiP_Tcs68)

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zH0\\_7Ayfxc4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zH0_7Ayfxc4)

<https://www.vanstechelman.eu/content/creating-and-building-burp-suite-extension-using-java-command-line-tools>

<https://systemweakness.com/writing-your-first-extension-in-burp-suite-part-1-1645e9bd8f69>

<https://www.educative.io/courses/burp-suite-extension-development>

[https://yw9381.github.io/Burp\\_Suite\\_Doc\\_en\\_us/burp/documentation/desktop/tools/extender.html](https://yw9381.github.io/Burp_Suite_Doc_en_us/burp/documentation/desktop/tools/extender.html)

<https://prakharprasad.com/blog/burp-suite-extension-development-series/>

[https://devilslab.in/files/Burp\\_Extension\\_Writing\\_Workshop.pdf](https://devilslab.in/files/Burp_Extension_Writing_Workshop.pdf)