

Securing Postfix with TLS

LPIC-2: Linux Engineer (202-450)

Objectives:

At the end of this episode, I will be able to:

1. Describe the encryption features available for use with SMTP.
2. Configure Postfix to use TLS encryption with email.

Additional resources used during the episode can be obtained using the download link on the overview episode.

- SMTP Security
 - SMTP does not support encryption
 - Designed to relay email
 - Email can be intercepted, read, and even modified
 - Transport Layer Security (TLS)
 - Provides encryption for any protocol
 - Allows encrypting SMTP without changing the standard
- Postfix security
 - Postfix was designed to add security features to sendmail
 - Postfix manages the encryption
 - Still conforms to the SMTP standard
- TLS Certificates
 - TLS requires a public/private key pair for authentication and encryption
 - Should not be self-signed
 - No one will trust it
 - Can be purchased
 - DigiCert
 - GoDaddy
 - Let's Encrypt
 - `sudo ufw allow 80`
 - `sudo certbot certonly --standalone --rsa-key-size 4096 --agree-tos --preferred-challenges http -d lab.itpro.tv`
 - Certificate is output to `/etc/letsencrypt/live/lab.itpro.tv`
- Postfix configuration
 - View the current values
 - `postconf | grep 'smtpd_tls_cert|smtpd_tls_key'`
 - Update the values
 - `sudo postconf -e 'smtpd_tls_cert_file=/etc/letsencrypt/live/lab.itpro.tv/fullchain.pem'`
 - `sudo postconf -e 'smtpd_tls_key_file=/etc/letsencrypt/live/lab.itpro.tv/privkey.pem'`
 - Restart Postfix to apply
 - `sudo systemctl restart postfix`
- Opportunistic encryption
 - Postfix announces TLS support with the `STARTTLS` prompt
 - `postconf smtpd_tls_security_level`
 - Returns `may`
 - It is up to the client to accept

- If TLS is not requested, email is exchanged unencrypted
- Forcing email encryption
 - It can be done, but it violates the SMTP standard
 - May result in dropped email
 - Recommended for internal use only
 - Configuring
 - `sudo postconf -e 'smtpd_tls_security_level=encrypt'`