

Implementing NginX as a Reverse Proxy

LPIC-2: Linux Engineer (202-450)

Objectives:

At the end of this episode, I will be able to:

1. Describe the purpose and function of a reverse proxy.
2. Configure NginX to act as a reverse proxy for an Apache-based back-end.

Additional resources used during the episode can be obtained using the download link on the overview episode.

-
- Implementing NginX as a Reverse Proxy
 - What is a reverse proxy?
 - When to use a reverse proxy
 - Configuring NginX as a reverse proxy
 - What is a reverse proxy?
 - Middle-man
 - Sits in between a source and destination
 - Can provide many features
 - Caching
 - Encryption
 - Load balancing
 - When to use a reverse proxy
 - Encryption
 - Can be used to off-load SSL/TLS operations from a web server
 - Performance
 - Edge servers to support geo-routing
 - Masking complexity
 - Hide multiple servers behind one server
 - Very useful with Docker containers
 - Minimize attack surface
 - The proxy is the only server exposed to the Internet
 - Configuring NginX as a reverse proxy
 - Edit the configuration
 - `sudoedit /etc/nginx/sites-available/default`
 - Modify the `location` section
 - Minimum entry
 - `proxy_pass <remote_destination>;`

Example:

```
server {
    listen 80 default_server;
    server_name lab.itpro.tv;
    location / {
        proxy_pass http://web01.lab.itpro.tv:8080;
        proxy_set_header Host $host;
        proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
    }
}
```