

- Filename: eccouncil-ceh31250-v11-3-9-1-nmap-ack-scan.md
- Show Name: CEHV11 (312-50)
- Topic Name: Recon Techniques - Scanning
- Episode Name: Nmap: ACK Scan

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Nmap: ACK Scan

Objectives:

- Describe the process of an ACK scan
- Use nmap to perform an ACK scan to enumerate ports states and map firewall rules
- Explain the pros and cons when utilizing this type of scan

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- Kathy
 - Used in attempt to map firewall/filtering rules for target
 - How is that done?
 - Send an ACK and random sequence number
 - NO RESPONSE = filtered
 - RST = not filtered
 - Only works on RFC 793 compliant stacks
 - `nmap -sA <targetIP>`
 - I understand there are some variations to this type of scan?
 - TTL-based
 - If TTL values are lower than 64
 - `nmap -ttl 70 <targetIP>`
 - Learn target's TTL through packet inspection
 - `--packet-trace`
 - `--reason`
 - Window-based
 - All about the window size
 - If target returns
 - RST + Non-Zero Window = Port OPEN
 - RST + Zero Window = Port CLOSED
 - No Response = FILTERED
 - Can't really trust this scan as the OS may not be compliant
 - See `man nmap` and search for `-sW`