

A person wearing a dark hoodie with their face obscured by a digital binary background. The background is filled with blue and white binary code (0s and 1s) and some red text, creating a cyber-themed atmosphere. The person's face is in shadow, and the overall image has a high-tech, digital feel.

Escalation of Privileges

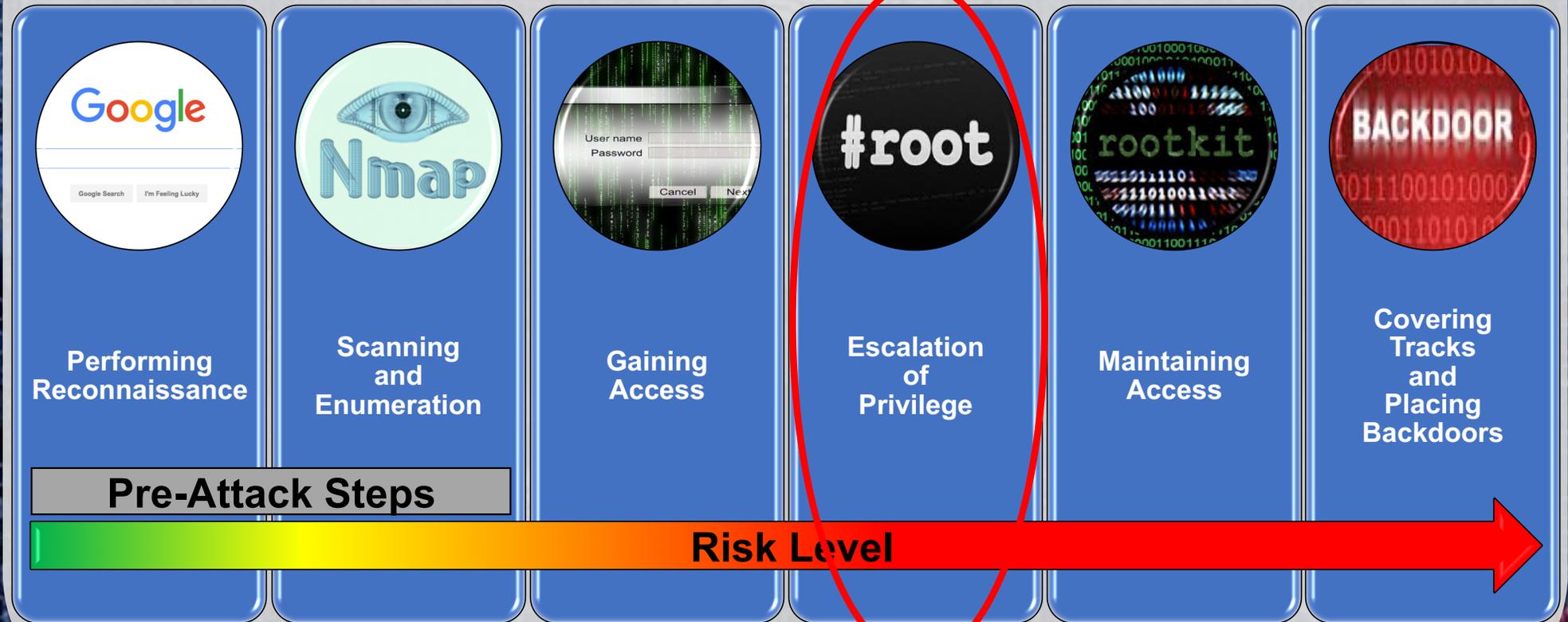
(...I've got the power)

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Attacker's Methodology



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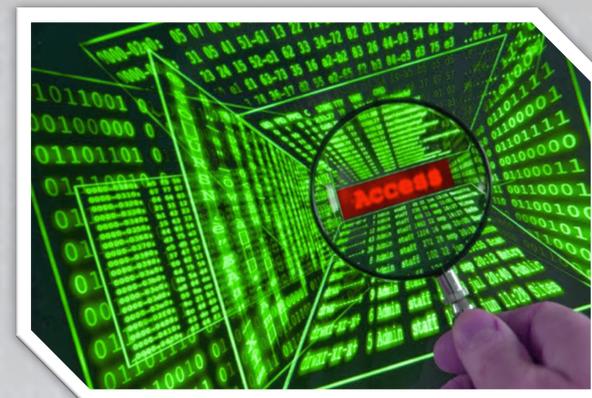
Step 4 - Escalation of Privilege

- Gain administrative, system or root access by escalating the account's privileges
- After privilege escalation, attackers have full control over the system and/or network
- Gain administrator access over the workstation, then expand to domain administrator (if possible)



Escalation Methods

- Exploit admin or “system”
- Steal password with keylogger
- Steal and crack SAM database



SAM Database

- Stores passwords as a binary encrypted hash



Stealing SAM

- Physical access
 - Copy SAM with NT Emergency Repair Disk
 - Reset user passwords using NTFSDOS or LINNT
- Logical access
 - Copy SAM (hashdump) and crack with Pwdump, LCP, Ophcrack, or John the Ripper



Authentication Types

- LM authentication
- NTLM authentication
- NTLM v2
- Kerberos



LM Authentication

- LANMAN
- Used by Windows 95/98/ME
- Based on DES (easy to crack)
- Used for backward compatibility



NTLM Authentication

- NT LANMAN
- Used in Windows NT (<SP3)
- Based on DES and MD4
- Now only used for backward compatibility



NTLM v2

- NT LANMAN Version 2
- Used in Windows NT (SP3+)
- Based on MD4 and MD5



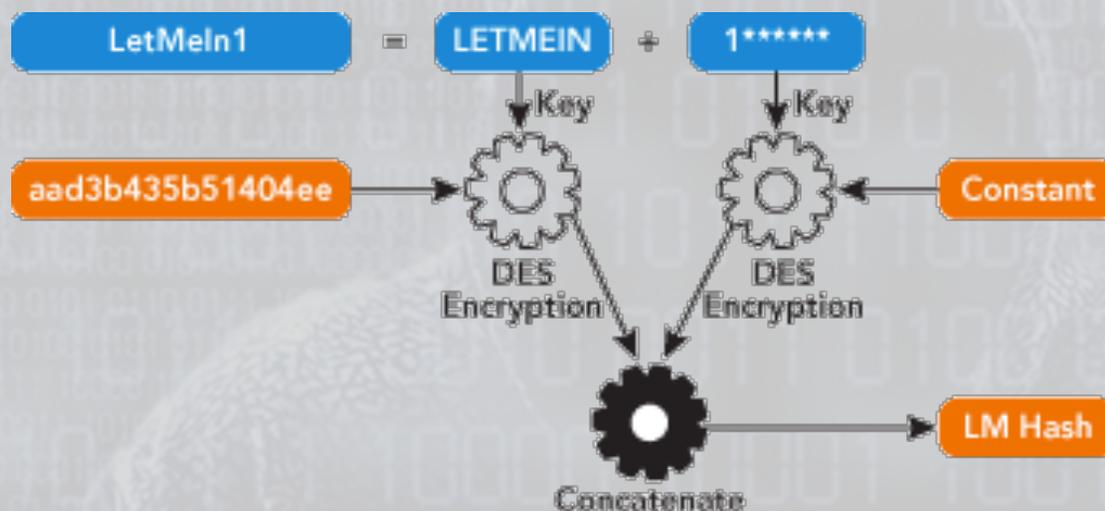
Kerberos

- Updated authentication which started in Windows 2000
- Still used in Windows 8 and Windows 2012



How LM Hashes Works

- 1) Password is converted to all uppercase (LETMEIN)
- 2) Password is padded with null (blanks) to make it 14 characters long (LETMEIN1.....)
- 3) String is broken into two 7 character parts (LETMEIN and 1.....)
- 4) Each part is then encrypted separately and put back together



Collecting Hashes (Hashdump)

- Command in meterpreter
- Part of Metasploit Framework
- Collects hashes from remote machines with interactive shell

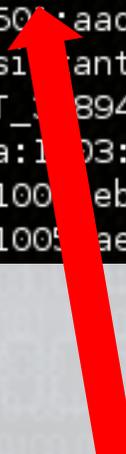
```
meterpreter > run hashdump
[*] Obtaining the boot key...
[*] Calculating the hboot key using SYSKEY 00a29affc07173e032c00a50a74197ba...
[*] Obtaining the user list and keys...
[*] Decrypting user keys...
[*] Dumping password hashes...
```

Hashdump (example)

```
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
HelpAssistant:1000:8e21a23181ac4c37d65b1078c0dfbf1b:65794c60b55dafd2e0783e8a6e4fac98:::  
SUPPORT_388945a0:1002:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:8c91347da95093b16772c42a93c50f68:::  
Bazinga:1003:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
track:1004:eb498aa66abdd32aaad3b435b51404ee:34b23d452077f6dd6e097a722bb5223a:::  
troll:1005:aebd4de384c7ec43aad3b435b51404ee:7a21990fcd3d759941e45c490f143d5f:::
```

Hashdump (example)

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Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
Guest:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
HelpAssistant:1000:8e21a23181ac4c37d65b1078c0dfbf1b:65794c60b55dafd2e0783e8a6e4fac98:::  
SUPPORT_8945a0:1002:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:8c91347da95093b16772c42a93c50f68:::  
Bazinga:1003:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
track:1004:eb498aa66abdd32aad3b435b51404ee:34b23d452077f6dd6e097a722bb5223a:::  
troll:1005:aebd4de384c7ec43aad3b435b51404ee:7a21990fcd3d759941e45c490f143d5f:::
```



User

Hashdump (example)

```
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Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
HelpAssistant:1000:3e21a23181ac4c37d65b1078c0dfbf1b:65794c60b55dafd2e0783e8a6e4fac98:::  
SUPPORT_38945a0:1001:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:8c91347da95093b16772c42a93c50f68:::  
Bazinga:1003:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
track:1004:eb498aa66ab072aad3b435b51404ee:34b23d452077f6dd6e097a722bb5223a:::  
troll:1005:aebd4de384c7e03aad3b435b51404ee:7a21990fcd3d759941e45c490f143d5f:::
```

User

SID

Hashdump (example)

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HelpAssistant:1000:3e21a23181ac4c37d65b1078c0df1b:65794160b55dafd2e0783e8a6e4fac98:::  
SUPPORT_38945a0:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:811347da95093b16772c42a93c50f68:::  
Bazinga:1003:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::  
track:1000:eb498aa66ab072aad3b435b51404ee:34b214520716dd6e097a722bb5223a:::  
troll:1005:aebd4de384c7e03aad3b435b51404ee:7a2110fcd1759941e45c490f143d5f:::
```

User

SID

Hash

Collecting Hashes (L0phtcrack)

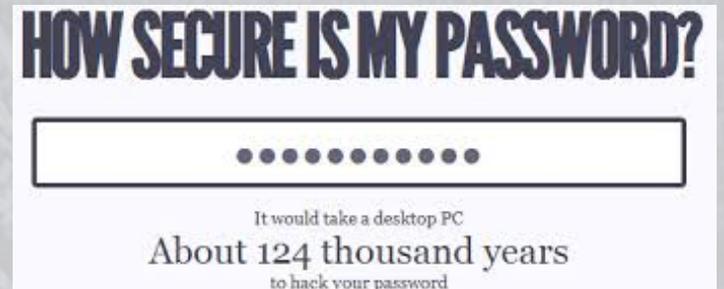
- Extracts hashes from local or remote machines
- Sniffs passwords from local network (if used with an admin account)

Collecting Hashes (PwDump)

- Command-line tool that can bypass SYSKEY encryption of the SAM (if you have admin rights)
- Collects hashes and can store as text file

Password Cracking

- Dictionary
- Brute Force
- Hybrid



HOW SECURE IS MY PASSWORD?

It would take a desktop PC
About 124 thousand years
to hack your password

Dictionary Attack

- Uses a dictionary or word list to crack password
- Quickest attack method
- Only as good as your dictionary
- Rainbow Tables

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Brute Force Attack

- Uses random numbers and characters
- Crack can take hours, years, or decades depending on password length and complexity
- 100% successful method

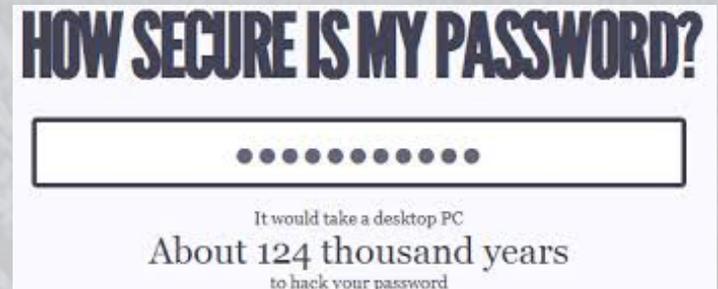
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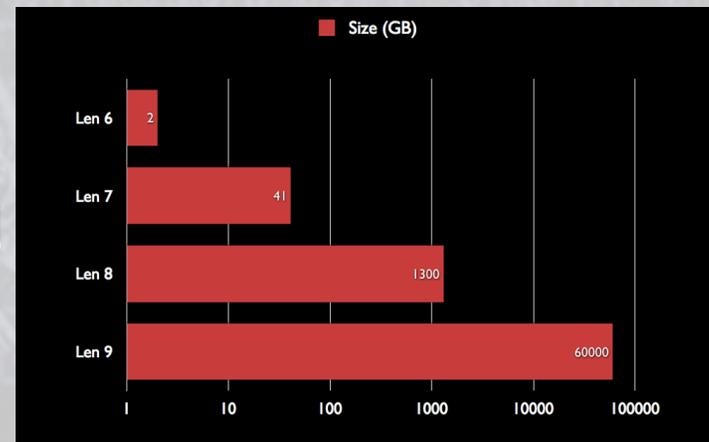
Hybrid Attack

- Uses dictionary or word list and prepends or appends characters and numbers to a base word
- More time than dictionary, less than brute force
- Example:
 - password, 1password, password123, p@ssw0rd, ...



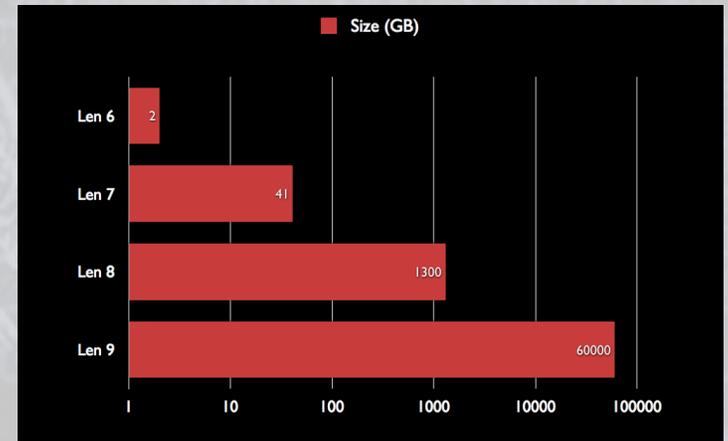
Password Cracking (Cane and Able)

- Multipurpose tool to perform password cracking, Windows enumeration, and VOIP sniffing
- Uses:
 - Dictionary
 - Brute Force
 - Rainbow Tables



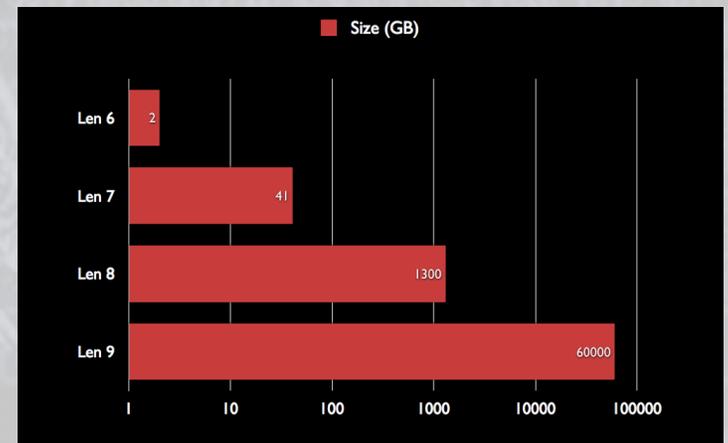
Password Cracking (John the Ripper)

- Can crack Kerberos AFS, LM Hashes, and more
- Passwords cracked are not case-sensitive
 - Password = PASSWORD



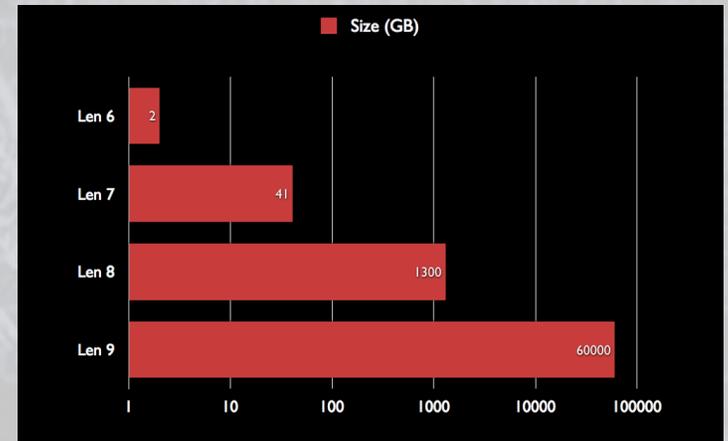
Password Cracking (Ophcrack)

- Uses rainbow tables for very fast password cracking
- Rainbow tables can be very large files, though
- All passwords from 0 to 9 characters takes 60 TB!



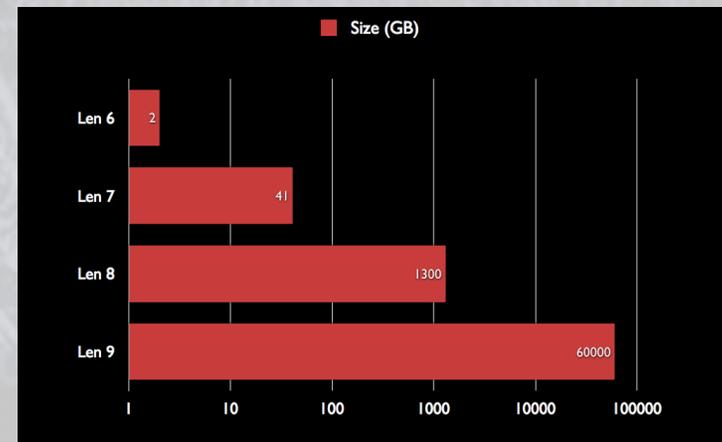
Password Cracking (Crackstation)

- Crackstation.net
- Uses rainbow tables for very fast password cracking
- All rainbow tables are loaded on their servers
- Example LM:
855c3697d9979e78ac404c4ba2c66533



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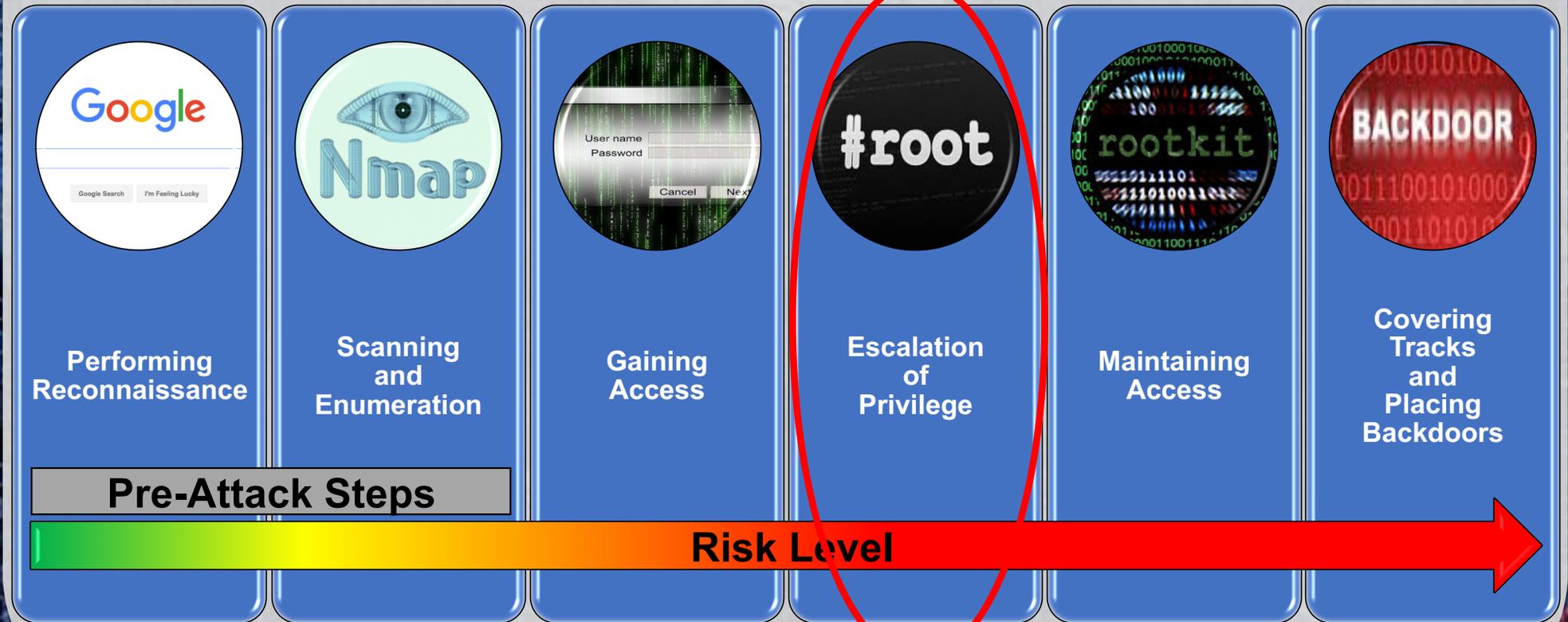


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passphrasefloppy

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