

## Chapter 14: Use the Autopsy Forensic Browser tool in Kali Linux

1. Start and login to your Kali Linux virtual machine as user **kali** with a password of **kali**.
2. From a terminal window, type **sudo autopsy**. This will start autopsy and present a message (such as `http://localhost:9999/autopsy`) stating how to connect to Autopsy from a web browser.
3. Right-click the listed http link and choose **Open Link**. This will take you to the local autopsy web page.
4. At the bottom center of the web page, click **New Case**. For the case name type **Case1**, then fill in fictitious description and investigator names. Click **New Case** at the bottom left.
5. Click **Add Host**. Enter a fictitious host name and click the **Add Host** button at the bottom left.
6. Click **Add Image**, then **Add Image File**.
7. For **1. Location**, type `/home/kali/samplepartition.img`. This is a sample disk partition image file of a Window NTFS file system.
8. For **2. Type**, choose **Partition**. Click **Next**.
9. Choose **Calculate the hash value for this image**. Click **Add**.
10. Once the MD5 hash is calculated, click **OK**, then click **Analyze**, then click **File Analysis**.
11. In the right panel, scroll down and click the **del1** folder listing.
12. Notice **file6.jpg** shows as red because the file is deleted.
13. Click **file6.jpg** to view the file contents in the lower panel.
14. In the middle panel, click the **Export** link to save the jpg file as a standalone file. Click **Save File** then click **OK**.
15. Click the folder icon in the upper left of the screen. Navigate to the Downloads folder in the kali home directory.
16. Double-click the jpg file to ensure it opens.